

Franckesche Stiftungen zu Halle

Miscellanea Anglicana

Beuthner, Arnold Christian Jena, 1713

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Drey Auszüge aus dem Register der willkührlichen Gesetze der Stadt Amserdam

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An Extract out of the Register of the Arbitrary laws of the City of Amstelredam, published the 31. of July, 1660.

Hereas the Lords of the Government find by experience, that the By-lavy of the 21. of January 1656, concerning the protesting off Bills of Ekchange, concluded here on the Exchange, in regard of the diverfity of uses and observances of other places, can not be duly and vvithout inconveniencies preserved, prosecuted, and observed: that also several misunderstandings have arisen from time to time from hence, that the Acceptances commonly are but done onely by underveriting: Accepted, or fuch like; vvithout the adding of time, or subscribing of name or sirname: Therefore, the foresaids Lords of Government, having a desire, as much, as is possible, to take care therein, have a nevv ordained and of their oven will statuted the follovving:

I.

That henceforward all Bills of Exchange, concluded on here on the Exchange, by defect of payment must be protested according to the Rights, observations and customs of the place, where the payment is appointed: derogating and annihilating, to that end, the first article of the By-Law above mentioned.

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II.

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That henceforward the Bills of Exchange coming from abroad, to be paid in this City, upon the non-performance must be protested at the longest, within six days after the day, they are due, Sundays and Holydays therein comprehended: and the day after the day of their falling due, to be accounted the first; except it were that, because of the Exchange-Bank being shut, no payment could be made; In which case they must be protested within the second, or at surthest the third day after opening thereof, saving that, in all cases the day of falling due shall first be past.

III.

And lastly, that for the future all Acceptances shall be made by the subscribing of the names and sirnames of the Acceptants or their Authorizeds, with the expression of their quality, and the addition of time; upon the pomalty, that if otherwise, and by defect thereof, they shall be liable to be protested, on the behalf of the holders of the Bills of Enchange for non-acceptance, in like manner, as if the acceptance yvas denied.

Thus ordered the 30. of July 1660.

An Extract out of the Register of the Arbitrary Laws of the City of Amstelredam, published the 6. of February 1673.

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The Honble, the Lords of the Government, for the clearing of their Arbitrary-Law, concerning the cause of the Exchange given forth the 31. of July 1660, have further declared the following Articles:

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First, that in case of a Bill of tenure to be paid at some days sight, or after sight, or some days date, or after date, the time of such a Bill of Exchange begins to run on the following day; as for example, if such a Bill be shown or dated the first of May, to pay three days sight, or after sight, three days date, or after date, in such case, the fourth day shall be held for the day of it's being due, and by consequence, the time to protest shall degin to run on upon the fifth dito and end the tenth dito:

II.

Secondly, that the time to protest, after the opening of the Bank, shall begin the next day after the opening thereof, vvithout differencing vvhat day it then might be on; as for example, vvhen the Bank opens on a Saturnday, that then the three days shall begin to run on from Sunday following; in so much as the Protest must at the furthest be made on Tuesday.

III.

Thirdly, that the holders of the Bills of Exchange, being due before the shutting of the E 4 Bank,

fix days, vyherein

Bank, (the fix days, vvherein the Protest should be made, not being vvholly expired) may stay with the protest, two or three days after the opening of the Bank, according to the Lavv.

Actum the 5. of February 1673.

Extract out of the Register of the Arbitrary Laws of the City of Amstelredam.

NOTIFICATION.

Publis'hed the z. of December, 1684.

The Honble the Lords of the Government have understood and ordained, that in case the Acceptants of the Bills of Exchange should chance to refuse the paying of them, vvhen they are due, the aforesaid Bills of Exchange must be sent back, vvith protest to the dravvers, to demand the payment, and if then the dravvers do not perform the same, but let them be return'd unpaid, the holders thereof shall have as much right against the acceptants, as against the dravvers; namely of imprisonment of their persons, and arresting of their goods.

Adum the 30. of November 1684.

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